Quarter Theme: Enduring Beliefs of the Church December Theme: Our God and the Holy

Scriptures

December 14, 2025 "Our Heavenly Father" Lesson 2 Matthew 6:24-34

Intro

Today's study passage comes from the Sermon on the Mount, which is found in chapters 5-7. Matthew's gospel arranges material in a topical rather than a chronological order. The is the case with the Sermon, which occurs early in Matthew's writing, but actually took place in the first half of the second year of Jesus' ministry. Prior to our verses, Matthew has already in chapter 6 reported what Jesus said about hypocrisy, prayer, fasting, and priorities. Today's lesson deals with living a life which is dependent on a loving heavenly Father to provide all of our needs.

Read Matthew 6:24-34

1. vs. 24: The word "master" here carries a strong implication

This is one person who has overall charge of a group or a mission

No group functions at its best if there are two people in charge together

Orchestras have one *maestro* (master) to lead; two would be confusing

Trying to live life by following two different masters is equally confusing

This leads to problems, choosing who or what gets attention at the moment

Jesus says the choice is to *serve* God over serving money

No one can give equal attention and service to both God and money One of the 10 Commandments is not to covet, to desire things over God

2. vs. 25: "Do not worry" doesn't mean "don't plan and take care of details"

We are to do what we can to provide for ourselves and others

But those plans and concerns should not lead us to worry or be anxious

This makes sense, but it's not always easy to do

We are not to let our planning take our attention away from God

Jesus is encouraging his listeners (and us!) to see the big picture

There is more to life than food and clothing

3. vs. 26: Jesus here uses what is called a "letter-to-greater" argument

His listeners were familiar with birds

Humans do work: they sow, they reap, they store up

Birds don't do these things

If God takes care of the birds, won't he also care for people made in His image?

This is one of many times Jesus refers to God as a Heavenly Father

He is the head of the family, the one who takes care of all the members of the family

This is a concept Jesus' Jewish listeners would readily understand

Jesus' words here remind His audience not to worry about what they need

The Father always provides for His family

4. vs. 27: This is a rhetorical question, one asked which doesn't need or expect an answer

The purpose of these questions is to show that the thing being discussed is obvious

A good paraphrase of this question today would be:

Why worry about things that you cannot control?

Worry consumes time, and can lead to serious issues that actually decrease one's life

5. vs. 28-29: Jesus uses and lesser-to-greater comparison here involving flowers

Flowers don't do anything beyond grow; God has created them and cares for them They don't "labor or spin"

Solomon's wealth and the glory of his kingdom were well-known, then and in history The Queen of Sheba said that his kingdom was far greater than she'd even been told But Jesus makes another comparison to show God's care and the futility of worry The flowers God made, that don't labor, are more beautiful than Solomon at his finest The God who takes such great care of flowers is the same God who cares for us

6. vs. 30: The life expectancy of most grasses and plants is generally much shorter than that of humans This is especially true when thinking that vegetation gets harvested for various uses Jesus makes another comparison here

If the grasses are short-lived but God still cares for them, won't He do the same for people? Flowers are also His creation, but they aren't made in His image

People are made in His image with the ability to exercise faith God cares for His people "much more" than He cares for things which cannot show faith

7. vs. 31-32: Jesus says that God knows people need food and drink and clothing to survive
But He reminds His audience that the pagans (Gentiles) also need these things
Their methods to getting them include sacrificing to non-gods in hopes of blessings
Jesus reminds them not to worry, not to be overly concerned

God's people are to be different than the pagans; they are to have a different mindset God knows what His family needs, and He will provide it

This doesn't mean that we are to sit at home and wait for God to deliver to our door We are to be diligent (Heb. 6:11-12) and known for honest work (2 Thess. 3:7-10)

8. vs. 33a: Up to now Jesus has been telling the people what *not* to do

Don't worry, don't be like the Gentiles, etc

Now He switches to the positive—Do this!

Their first priority is to seek God and His kingdom

Jesus taught much about the kingdom of God

He taught people to pray "Your kingdom come"

He told Pilate His kingdom was "not of this earth"; it was a spiritual kingdom

He told people to pray, "Your kingdom come, Your will be done"

To seek God's kingdom is to make His will the most important priority in our lives Seeking God's righteousness is seeking what He wants in the world

To be salt and light so we bring something of heaven into this world If Jesus phrased this in question form, He might have said:

"What is your greatest priority: God's kingdom or the things of this world?"

9. vs. 33b: If one's priority are aligned with God, they can be assured of God's care

"All these things (food, drink, clothing) will be given to you as well"

Devoting ourselves to God's kingdom prevents these concerns from dominating
There have been many Christians who have died of dehydration or starvation
They didn't lack faith, just because this happened
One way God provides for His people is through the generosity of others
We ought to be God's hands and feet on earth to those in need
For fellow believers, this is how God is meeting their needs
For non-believers, this is way to show God loves them

10. vs. 34: This section finishes with a conclusion and an observation

Jesus says "Therefore"—putting all the previous thoughts together

Don't worry about tomorrow—don't borrow trouble, in other words

Let tomorrow happen tomorrow; live in today

He also observes, "Each day has enough trouble of its own"

If we fear what will happen in the future, we get overly earth-centered

Again, we cannot be servants of two "masters"

Each day has the potential to present us with challenges and difficulties

We are therefore called to devote ourselves to seeking God and His kingdom

Paul says to "Set your minds on things above, not on earthly things" (Col. 3:2)

Application: All followers of Jesus have a sphere of influence, which includes some people to whom God seems far away. This distance might feel even greater at Christmas time. We can be helpful in demonstrating the difference that living in the trust of a loving heavenly Father can make. The change in their minds and hearts will likely not occur quickly. But with our patient and encouraging example, and with prayer, we can help them see how much God really does love them. Show someone around you a simple act of kindness to show them this truth.

Prayer: Father God, thank You for the privilege of knowing You as our heavenly Father. May we never take this relationship for granted. Help us to help others see You by showing them the difference You have made in our lives, both here and now, and for eternity. In Jesus' name, Amen.